

Pearl millet (*Pennisetum* glaucum)

Of millet varieties, this is most commonly used as a cover crop in row crop production. Pearl millet suppresses many nematodes including lesion nematodes. The brown midrib varieties are not typically susceptible to disease in this geophysical region. There is a difference between grain and forage varieties in terms of biomass. In general, forage varieties are better for cover crops.

Recommended Varieties

Variety	Reasons Why	Source
Tifleaf 3	Early maturing variety with good biomass. 70 – 75 days to maturity.	UGA Forages
SS-635	Forage variety that has performed well in Georgia forage variety trials.	UGA Forages

Planting Information

Information		Comments	Source
Drilled Seed	1/4 - 3/4		Midwest Cover Crops Council
Depth (inches)			Selector Tool
Drilled Seeding	10 - 12		Midwest Cover Crops Council
Rate (lbs/acre)			Selector Tool
Broadcast	12 - 15	Check with your state's wildlife resources	Midwest Cover Crops Council
Seeding Rate		department to ensure compliance with dove	Selector Tool
(lbs/acre)		hunting regulations if fields will be hunted.	
Aerial Seeding	N/A	Not recommended.	Midwest Cover Crops Council
Rate (lbs/acre)			Selector Tool

Termination Information

Information	Source
Pearl millet can be terminated by mowing, herbicides or tillage.	Midwest Cover Crops Council
It will winterkill but not before it sets seeds. Pearl millet is photosensitive and will	Selector Tool; Jimmy Carter
quickly go to seed even if planted late in the summer.	Plant Materials Center data
Pearl millet is attractive to migrating birds. Check with your state's wildlife	
resources department to ensure compliance with dove hunting regulations if fields	
will be hunted.	
Consult your local Extension and state Doct Management Handbook for harbicide	
Consult your local Extension and state Pest Management Handbook for herbicide recommendations. Always follow the herbicide label.	
recommendations. Always follow the herbicide label.	

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Cultural Traits

Traits	Comments	Source
Typical Dry	5,000 - 15,000	Midwest Cover Crops Council
Matter Range		Selector Tool
(lbs/acre)		
Typical Total	0	Midwest Cover Crops Council
N Range		Selector Tool
(lbs/acre)		
Life Cycle	Summer annual	Midwest Cover Crops Council
	grass	Selector Tool
Growth Habit	Upright	Midwest Cover Crops Council
		Selector Tool
Preferred Soil	5.5 - 6.5	Midwest Cover Crops Council
рН		Selector Tool
Relative Seed	\$\$\$	Based on survey of seed costs
Cost (\$/acre)		using maximum price and max
		seeding rate
Min.	65°	Midwest Cover Crops Council
Germination		Selector Tool
Temp (F)		
Cautions	Drought conditions or high nitrogen soils can cause nitrate	
	accumulation that is dangerous for grazing. Check with your	
	state's wildlife resources department to ensure compliance with	
	dove hunting regulations if fields will be hunted.	

Sources:

Jimmy Carter Plant Materials Center Annual Reports:

https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/ga/plantsanimals/?cid=nrcs144p2_022076

Midwest Cover Crops Council Selector Tool - Missouri Data: http://mccc.msu.edu/covercroptool/infosheet.php

UGA Forages: http://georgiaforages.com/species/pearlmillet.html