Sesame (Sesamum indicum)

Sesame has been recently introduced to Texas as a summer oilseed crop with good drought and high heat tolerance characteristics. These same characteristics make it suitable as a rain fed cover crop in the Blacklands of Texas. It is high in protein and can be grown as a dual use (forage/cover) crop. Sesame is best adapted to sandy well-drained soils, but has been grown successfully for a number of years on Blackland soils. Sesame is also known to reduce root-knot nematode populations in subsequent crops while attracting beneficial insects. Less expensive seed than that sold for contract oil seed is available and can be used to grow sesame as a monoculture cover or as part of a cover crop mix.

Recommended Varieties

Reasons Why	Source
Easily available in the Southern U.S.	Personal communications
	,

Planting Information

Information		Comments	Source
Drilled Seed	0.5-1.0"		
Depth (Inches)			
Drilled Seeding	2-3	Narrow rows needed to outcompete weeds.	
Rate (lbs/acre)			
Broadcast	3-5		
Seeding Rate			
(lbs/acre)			
Aerial Seeding	N/A		
Rate (lbs/acre)			

Termination Information

Information	Source
Winterkills easily, but may be mowed, shredded, plowed in, or otherwise	
terminated with herbicide*	

*Always follow herbicide labels for crop to be terminated and for compatibility with subsequent crop(s). Consult your local Extension and state Pest Management Handbook for herbicide recommendations.

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Cultural Traits

Traits		Comments	Source
Typical Dry	800-1,000		
Matter Range			
(lbs/acre)			
Typical Total N	20-40		
Range (lbs/acre)			
Life Cycle	Warm season		
	annual broadleaf		
Growth Habit	Upright ~2-3' tall	125-135 days to maturity	
Preferred Soil pH	5.0-8.0		
Relative Costs	\$-\$\$		
Min. Germination	70°F		
Temp			
Cautions		Slow to grow into seedling stage, and so	
		may require herbicide to control	
		competing weeds to ensure good stand.	

Sources:

Texas A&M AgriLife:

Personal Communications with Blackland Farmers and Seed Suppliers.